







### In this module, you'll learn:



- States have the option of adopting screening as part of Child Find
- What States must do, if they adopt screening procedures
- The importance of parental notification and consent
- What the Part C regulations say about screening, verbatim

States may *choose* to include in their child find systems:

#### What?

Procedures for the <u>screening</u> of children who have been referred to Part C...

### Why?

...to determine whether they are <u>suspected</u> of having a disability



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### **Defining Screening Procedures**

# Who may carry out screening of children?

- · The lead agency
- Early intervention service providers
- Those under the supervision of the lead agency or an EIS provider

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## Screening procedures include:

The administration of appropriate instruments

### by qualified personnel

that can assist in determining whether a child is suspected of having a disability

### Parental Notification and Consent!

... are required before any screening procedures may be administrated



What if parent does not give consent?

The lead agency must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the parent:

- is fully aware of the nature of the evaluation and assessment of the child, or the services that would be available
- understands that the child will not be able to receive these unless consent is given

The lead agency may **not** override the parents' refusal of consent



